UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended October 30, 2009

or

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Transition Period from ______ to _____

Commission file number 000-25225

CRACKER BARREL OLD COUNTRY STORE, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

<u>Tennessee</u> (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 62-1749513 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

305 Hartmann Drive, P. O. Box 787 <u>Lebanon, Tennessee 37088-0787</u> (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

615-444-5533

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

22,883,113 Shares of Common Stock Outstanding as of November 27, 2009

CRACKER BARREL OLD COUNTRY STORE, INC.

FORM 10-Q

For the Quarter Ended October 30, 2009

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

CRACKER BARREL OLD COUNTRY STORE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(In thousands, except share data)
(Unaudited)

ASSETS Quality of Schools (Asset) Asset (Asset) As	(Unaudited)					
Current social and cash equivalents 14,000		-				
Cush and cash equivalents \$14,76 \$14,70 Accounts receivable 12,96 12,708 Income taxes receivable 152,68 137,442 Income taxes cereivable 149,83 19,142 Prepaid expenses and other current asses 149,83 19,132 Deferred income taxes 20,103 23,213 Total current assets 221,515 198,325 Property and equipment 1,572,438 50,002 Less: Accountalized depreciation and annotization of capital lesses 51,001,875 1,001,875 Property and equipment 46,001 45,006 Less: Accounts account an experiment and the property and equipment and the property and equipment and experiment		2009		2009*		
Accounts receivable \$14,769 \$12,709 Accounts receivable \$12,688 \$17,481 Inventories \$152,688 \$13,748 Inventories \$152,688 \$13,748 Properly and expenses and other current assets \$26,109 \$23,233 Deferred income taxes \$21,583,751 \$38,352 Property and equipment \$1,583,771 \$51,572,438 Less Accumulated depreciation and amortization of capital lesses \$51,040 \$70,062 Other assets \$4,001 \$50,062 Togety and equipment – net \$1,269,355 \$1,245,083 Togety and equipment of capital lesses \$1,269,355 \$1,245,083 Togety and equipment – net \$1,001,072 \$1,001,072 Other assets \$1,269,355 \$1,245,083 Togety and equipment – net \$1,001,000 \$1,001,000 Togety and equipment – net \$1,269,355 \$1,245,000 Togety and equipment – net \$1,269,355 \$1,245,000 Togety and equipment – net \$1,250,355 \$1,245,000 Togety and equipment – net \$1,250,35	ASSETS			_		
Accounts receivable 12,905 Income taxes receivable 15,268 Income taxes receivable 137,424 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 14,983 9,193 Deferred income taxes 26,109 23,201 Toal current assets 221,515 198,325 Property and equipment 1,572,438 570,602 Ress Accommalated depreciation and amortization of capital leases 581,946 570,602 Property and equipment – net 1,001,825 1,001,775 Other assets 46,015 45,000 Total assets \$ 1,269,335 \$ 1,245,181 LABBILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Total assets \$ 1,269,335 \$ 1,245,181 Current inabilities \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 Current maturities of long-term debt and other long-term obligations 7,423 7,422 \$ 2,504 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 \$ 1,245,181 </td <td>Current assets:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current assets:					
Income taxes receivable		\$ 14,75	0 \$			
Prepaid expenses and other current assets						
Properly and equipment 14,983 9,193 Property and equipment 1,583,771 1,572,438 Less. Accumulated depreciation and amortization of capital leases 581,946 570,602 Property and equipment – net 1,503,778 45,001 Other assets 46,015 45,000 Total assets 46,015 45,000 Total assets 3,720,335 1,245,101 Current liabilities: 3 7,223 7,242 Accounts payable \$ 93,77 9,2168 8 7,422 7,422 Accruent interest expense 19,329 1,523,93 1,524,933 1,524,933 1,524,933 1,524,933 1,524,933 1,524,518	Income taxes receivable					
Deferred income taxes 26,109 23,291 Total current assets 221,515 19,832 Property and equipment 1,583,771 1,572,488 Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization of capital leases 581,946 570,662 Property and equipment – net 1,001,825 1,001,776 Other assets 46,015 45,080 Total assets \$ 1,269,355 \$ 1,245,181 LABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current Idabilities: Accument maturities of long-term debt and other long-term obligations 7,423 7,422 Accument maturities of long-term debt and other long-term obligations 7,423 7,422 Accument maturities of long-term debt and other long-term obligations 2,594 6 Total current liabilities 152,876 154,993 Total current liabilities 636,188 638,040 Long-term debt 636,188 638,040 Capital lease obligations 54 60 Congett and the current liabilities 54,940 60 Long-term debt 64,648 61,232 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Total current assets 221,515 198,325 Property and equipment 1,583,771 1,572,438 Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization of capital leases 581,946 570,662 Property and equipment – net 1,001,825 1,001,705 Other assets 46,015 45,080 Total assets 46,015 45,080 Current labilities: **** **** Current labilities: 7,423 7,422 Accounts payable 9,377 \$ 9,379 \$ 9,168 Current interest expense 10,501 10,379 Income taxes payable 2,534 - Current liabilities 10,501 10,379 Total current liabilities 25,34 - Colpter current liabilities 36,361,88 63,804 Capital lease obligations 5 63,381,84 Capital lease obligations 5 63,381,84 Deferred income taxes 54,972 55,555 Comment seed, constructions of the payable of the pa						
Property and equipment 1,583,71 5,572,48 Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization of capital leases 381,94 570,62 Property and equipment – net 1,001,825 1,001,76 Other assets 46,015 45,000 Total assets \$1,269,335 \$1,245,181 LABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current labilities: Accounts payable \$93,79 \$92,168 Current maturities of long-term debt and other long-term obligations 7,423 7,422 Accounts payable \$93,79 15,991 10,571 Income taxes payable \$25,94 - - Other current labilities 152,876 154,993 - Total current labilities 636,188 638,040 -	Deferred income taxes	26,10	<u> </u>			
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization of capital leases 581,966 750,652 Proper yand equipment – net 1,001,825 1,001,775 Other assets 46,015 45,008 Total assets \$ 1,269,335 \$ 1,245,181 LABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 93,779 \$ 92,168 Current maturities of long-term debt and other long-term obligations 7,423 7,422 Accrued interest expense 10,501 10,379 Income taxes payable 2,594 - Other current liabilities 152,876 154,993 Total current liabilities 152,876 154,993 Total current liabilities 6,361,88 638,040 Capital lease obligations 5 6 Interest rate swap liability 5 6 Capital lease obligations 5 6,361,88 Deferred income taxes 33,834 89,610 Deferred income taxes 5 5,95 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) - - <td>Total current assets</td> <td>221,51</td> <td>5</td> <td>198,325</td>	Total current assets	221,51	5	198,325		
Property and equipment – net 1,001,825 1,001,706 Other assets 46,015 45,000 Total assets \$ 1,269,355 \$ 1,245,181 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Urrent liabilities: Accurate maturities of long-term debt and other long-term obligations 7,423 7,422 Accurate maturities of long-term debt and other long-term obligations 7,423 7,422 Accurrent liabilities 15,000 15,000 15,000 Other current liabilities 2,504 16,000 16,000 Other current liabilities 267,173 264,962 16,000 <td< td=""><td>Property and equipment</td><td>1,583,77</td><td>1</td><td>1,572,438</td></td<>	Property and equipment	1,583,77	1	1,572,438		
Property and equipment – net 1,001,825 1,001,706 Other assets 46,015 45,000 Total assets \$ 1,269,355 \$ 1,245,181 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Urrent liabilities: Accurate maturities of long-term debt and other long-term obligations 7,423 7,422 Accurate maturities of long-term debt and other long-term obligations 7,423 7,422 Accurrent liabilities 15,000 15,000 15,000 Other current liabilities 2,504 16,000 16,000 Other current liabilities 267,173 264,962 16,000 <td< td=""><td></td><td>581,94</td><td>6</td><td>570,662</td></td<>		581,94	6	570,662		
Total assets \$ 1,269,355 \$ 1,245,181 LABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: \$ 93,779 \$ 92,168 Accounts payable 7,423 7,422 Accrued interest expense 10,501 10,379 Income taxes payable 2,594 - Other current liabilities 152,876 154,993 Total current liabilities 267,173 264,962 Long-term debt 636,188 638,040 Capital lease obligations 54,46 60 Interest rate swap liability 64,684 61,232 Other long-term obligations 93,834 89,610 Deferred income taxes 54,972 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) 5 5,457 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) 5 -				1,001,776		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$93,779 \$92,168 \$93,779 \$92,168 \$10,501 \$10,379 \$1	Other assets	46,01	5	45,080		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$93,779 \$92,168 \$93,779 \$92,168 \$10,501 \$10,379 \$1	Total assets	\$ 1.269.35	5 \$	1 245 181		
Current liabilities: 8 93,779 9 2,168 Accounts payable 7,423 7,422 Accrued interest expense 10,501 10,309 Income taxes payable 2,594 - Other current liabilities 152,806 154,903 Total current liabilities 267,173 264,962 Long-term debt 636,188 638,040 Capital lease obligations 54 60 Interest rate swap liability 64,684 61,232 Other come taxes 54,972 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) 54,972 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) 52,972 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) 52,972 55,655 Commotive quity: 52,972 55,655 Preferred stock – 100,000,000 shares of \$.01 par 52 52 Common stock – 400,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; 52 52 22,811,584 shares issued and outstanding at July 31, 2009 28 27 Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 <	Total assets	Ψ 1,203,33	<u> </u>	1,245,101		
Accounts payable \$ 93,779 \$ 92,168 Current maturities of long-term debt and other long-term obligations 7,423 7,422 Accrued interest expense 10,501 10,379 Income taxes payable 2,594 Other current liabilities 152,876 154,993 Total current liabilities 636,188 638,040 Long-term debt 636,188 638,040 Capital lease obligations 54 60 Interest rate swap liability 64,684 61,232 Other long-term obligations 93,834 89,610 Deferred income taxes 54,972 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)						
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Total current liabilities 267,173 264,962 Long-term debt 636,188 638,040 Capital lease obligations 54 60 Interest rate swap liability 64,684 61,232 Other long-term obligations 93,834 89,610 Deferred income taxes 54,972 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock – 100,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; no shares issued - - - - Common stock – 400,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; 22,811,584 shares issued and outstanding at October 30, 2009, 228 227 Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (45,408) (44,822) Retained earnings 180,707 167,245 Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622						
Long-term debt 636,188 638,040 Capital lease obligations 54 60 Interest rate swap liability 64,684 61,232 Other long-term obligations 93,834 89,610 Deferred income taxes 54,972 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) **** Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock – 100,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; no shares issued **** Common stock – 400,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; 22,811,584 shares issued and outstanding at October 30, 2009, and 22,722,685 shares issued and outstanding at July 31, 2009 228 227 Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 Adcumulated other comprehensive loss (45,408) (44,822) Retained earnings 180,707 167,245 Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622						
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Interest rate swap liability 64,684 61,232 Other long-term obligations 93,834 89,610 Deferred income taxes 54,972 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock – 100,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; no shares issued Common stock – 400,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; 22,811,584 shares issued and outstanding at October 30, 2009, and 22,722,685 shares issued and outstanding at July 31, 2009 228 227 Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (45,408) (44,822) Retained earnings 180,707 167,245 Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622	Long-term debt	636,18	8	638,040		
Interest rate swap liability 64,684 61,232 Other long-term obligations 93,834 89,610 Deferred income taxes 54,972 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock – 100,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; no shares issued Common stock – 400,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; 22,811,584 shares issued and outstanding at October 30, 2009, 228 227 Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (45,408) (44,822) Retained earnings 180,707 167,245 Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622	Capital lease obligations	5	4	60		
Other long-term obligations 93,834 89,610 Deferred income taxes 54,972 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock – 100,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; no shares issued Common stock – 400,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; 22,811,584 shares issued and outstanding at October 30, 2009, 228 227 Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (45,408) (44,822) Retained earnings 180,707 167,245 Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622		64.68	4	61,232		
Deferred income taxes 54,972 55,655 Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock – 100,000,000 shares of \$.01 par						
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock – 100,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; no shares issued Common stock – 400,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; 22,811,584 shares issued and outstanding at October 30, 2009, and 22,722,685 shares issued and outstanding at July 31, 2009 Additional paid-in capital Accumulated other comprehensive loss Retained earnings Total shareholders' equity Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)						
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value authorized; no shares issued - - - Common stock – 400,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; - - - - 22,811,584 shares issued and outstanding at October 30, 2009, - 227 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -						
Common stock – 400,000,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; 22,811,584 shares issued and outstanding at October 30, 2009, and 22,722,685 shares issued and outstanding at July 31, 2009 228 227 Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (45,408) (44,822) Retained earnings 180,707 167,245 Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622						
22,811,584 shares issued and outstanding at October 30, 2009, 228 227 and 22,722,685 shares issued and outstanding at July 31, 2009 16,923 12,972 Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (45,408) (44,822) Retained earnings 180,707 167,245 Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622		·	-			
and 22,722,685 shares issued and outstanding at July 31, 2009 228 227 Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (45,408) (44,822) Retained earnings 180,707 167,245 Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622						
Additional paid-in capital 16,923 12,972 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (45,408) (44,822) Retained earnings 180,707 167,245 Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622		20	0	225		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (45,408) (44,822) Retained earnings 180,707 167,245 Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622						
Retained earnings 180,707 167,245 Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622						
Total shareholders' equity 152,450 135,622						
			_			
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity \$ 1,269,355 \$ 1,245,181	Total shareholders' equity	152,45	<u> </u>	135,622		
	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,269,35	5 \$	1,245,181		

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

^{*} This condensed consolidated balance sheet has been derived from the audited consolidated balance sheet as of July 31, 2009, as filed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2009.

CRACKER BARREL OLD COUNTRY STORE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (In thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

	Quart	er Ended
	October 30, 2009	October 31, 2008
Total revenue	\$ 581,183	\$ 573,932
Cost of goods sold	177,471	
Gross profit	403,712	392,575
Labor and other related expenses Other store operating expenses	224,760 105,466	
Store operating income	73,486	64,176
General and administrative expenses Operating income	35,501 37,985	
Interest expense Income before income taxes	11,770 26,215	
Provision for income taxes	8,191	5,693
Net income	\$ 18,024	\$ 12,832
Net income per share:		
Basic	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.57
Diluted	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.57
Weighted average shares:		
Basic	22,762,048	
Diluted	23,136,385	22,666,326
Dividends declared per share	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.20
See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.		
4		

CRACKER BARREL OLD COUNTRY STORE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited and in thousands)

	Three I	Three Months Ended		
	October 30 2009), O	ctober 31, 2008	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$ 18,	024 \$	12,832	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization	14,	,118	14,186	
Loss on disposition of property and equipment		945	862	
Share-based compensation	2,	913	1,728	
Excess tax benefit from share-based compensation	((324)	(7)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		(255)	1,973	
Income taxes receivable		078	5,180	
Inventories		264)	(29,668)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	•	790)	(3,782)	
Accounts payable		611	(8,135)	
Accrued interest expense		122	130	
Income taxes payable		918		
Other current liabilities	•	052)	(3,545)	
Deferred income taxes		(635)	(750)	
Other long-term assets and liabilities		998	2,290	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	23,	407	(6,706)	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of property and equipment	(14,	904)	(22,003)	
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		50	728	
Proceeds from insurance recoveries of property and equipment		33	28	
Net cash used in investing activities	(14,	821)	(21,247)	
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	158,	000	288,200	
Principal payments under long-term debt and other long-term obligations	(159,		(257,871)	
Proceeds from exercise of share-based compensation awards		715	870	
Excess tax benefit from share-based compensation		324	7	
Dividends on common stock		627)	(4,057)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		445)	27,149	
Tet cash (asea in) provided by infancing activities	(3,	113)	27,145	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,	141	(804)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	11,	609	11,978	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 14,	750 \$	11,174	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash paid during the three months for:				
Interest, excluding interest rate swap payments, net of amounts capitalized	\$ 4,	212 \$	8,879	
Interest rate swap		831 \$	4,352	
Income taxes		625 \$	93	
Supplemental schedule of non-cash financing activity:				
Change in fair value of interest rate swap	\$ (3,	452) \$	(1,820)	
Change in deferred tax asset for interest rate swap	\$ 2,	866 \$	259	
				

CRACKER BARREL OLD COUNTRY STORE, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except percentages and share data) (Unaudited)

1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The condensed consolidated balance sheets at October 30, 2009 and July 31, 2009 and the related condensed consolidated statements of income and cash flows for the quarters ended October 30, 2009 and October 31, 2008, have been prepared by Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc. (the "Company") in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") without audit. The Company is principally engaged in the operation and development of the Cracker Barrel Old Country Store® ("Cracker Barrel") restaurant and retail concept. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal and recurring items) necessary for a fair presentation of such condensed consolidated financial statements have been made. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended July 31, 2009 (the "2009 Form 10-K"). References in these Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements to a year are to the Company's fiscal year unless otherwise noted.

2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The significant accounting policies of the Company are included in the 2009 Form 10-K. During the quarter ended October 30, 2009, there were no significant changes to those accounting policies. Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 8, 2009, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Standards Codification

On September 15, 2009, the Company adopted the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") as issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"). The ASC is the single source of authoritative nongovernmental GAAP, except for rules and interpretive releases of the SEC, which are sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. The adoption did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Fair Value

On August 1, 2009, the first day of 2010, the Company adopted, on a prospective basis, accounting guidance as issued by the FASB for certain nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are recorded or disclosed at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, such as nonfinancial long-lived asset groups measured at fair value for an impairment assessment. The adoption did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

4. Fair Value Measurements

The Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at October 30, 2009 were as follows:

	in Ma Identi	Active rkets for ical Assets evel 1)	O	ignificant Other observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unol Iı	nificant oservable nputs evel 3)	 r Value as October 30, 2009
Cash equivalents*	\$	3,248	\$		\$		\$ 3,248
Deferred compensation plan assets**		23,785					23,785
Total assets at fair value	\$	27,033	\$		\$		\$ 27,033
Interest rate swap liability (Note 7)	\$		\$	64,684	\$		\$ 64,684
Total liabilities at fair value	\$		\$	64,684	\$		\$ 64,684

The Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at July 31, 2009 were as follows:

	ii M Iden	oted Prices of Active of Active of Active of Active of Assets of Active of A	Obs I	nificant Other servable nputs evel 2)	Signifi Unobser Inpu (Leve	rvable ıts	of .	Value as July 31, 2009
Cash equivalents*	\$	48	\$		\$		\$	48
Deferred compensation plan assets**		22,583						22,583
Total assets at fair value	\$	22,631	\$		\$		\$	22,631
Interest rate swap liability (Note 7)	\$	<u></u>	\$	61,232	\$		\$	61,232
Total liabilities at fair value	\$		\$	61,232	\$		\$	61,232
*C					-			

^{*}Consists of money market fund investments.

The Company's money market fund investments and deferred compensation plan assets are measured at fair value using quoted market prices. The fair value of the Company's interest rate swap liability is determined based on the present value of expected future cash flows. Since the interest rate swap is based on the LIBOR forward curve, which is observable at commonly quoted intervals for the full term of the swap, it is considered a Level 2 input. Nonperformance risk is reflected in determining the interest rate swap's fair value by using the Company's credit spread less the risk-free interest rate, both of which are observable at commonly quoted intervals for the swap's term. Thus, the adjustment for nonperformance risk is also considered as a Level 2 input.

The fair values of the Company's accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying amounts due to their short duration. The fair value of the Company's variable-rate term loans and revolving credit facility, based on quoted market prices, totaled approximately \$615,034 and \$619,200 at October 30, 2009 and July 31, 2009, respectively. See Note 6 for additional information on the Company's debt.

^{**}Represents plan assets invested in mutual funds established under a Rabbi Trust for the Company's non-qualified savings plan and is included in the condensed consolidated balance sheet as other assets.

5. <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories were comprised of the following at:

	 October 30, 2009	July 31, 2009		
Retail Restaurant	\$ 120,292 19,539	\$	108,412 16,782	
Supplies	 12,857		12,230	
Total	\$ 152,688	\$	137,424	

6. <u>Debt</u>

Long-term debt consisted of the following at:

	O	ctober 30, 2009	July 31, 2009		
Term Loans	\$	643,173	\$	645,000	
Revolving Credit Facility					
Note payable		420		444	
		643,593		645,444	
Current maturities		(7,405)		(7,404)	
Long-term debt	\$	636,188	\$	638,040	

At October 30, 2009, the Company's credit facility (the "Credit Facility") consisted of term loans with a scheduled maturity date of April 27, 2013 and a \$250,000 revolving credit facility expiring April 27, 2011 (the "Revolving Credit Facility"). At October 30, 2009, \$600,000 of the Company's term loans was swapped at 7.07% and the weighted average interest rate on the remaining \$43,173 was 1.75%. At October 30, 2009, the Company had outstanding \$34,576 of standby letters of credit, which reduce the Company's availability under the Revolving Credit Facility (see Note 14). At October 30, 2009, the Company had \$215,424 available under the Revolving Credit Facility. On November 6, 2009, the Company entered into an amendment to the Credit Facility which extended the maturities of portions of the term loans and the availability of the Revolving Credit Facility (see Note 15).

The Credit Facility contains customary financial covenants, which are specified in the agreement and include maintenance of a maximum consolidated total leverage ratio and a minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio. At October 30, 2009, the Company was in compliance with all debt covenants.

The Credit Facility also imposes restrictions on the amount of dividends the Company is able to pay. If there is no default then existing and there is at least \$100,000 then available under the Revolving Credit Facility, the Company may both: (1) pay cash dividends on its common stock if the aggregate amount of dividends paid in any fiscal year is less than 15% of Consolidated EBITDA from continuing operations (as defined in the Credit Facility) during the immediately preceding fiscal year; and (2) in any event, increase its regular quarterly cash dividend in any quarter by an amount not to exceed the greater of \$.01 or 10% of the amount of the dividend paid in the prior fiscal quarter.

The note payable consists of a five-year note with a vendor in the original principal amount of \$507 and represents the financing of prepaid maintenance for telecommunications equipment. The note payable is payable in monthly installments of principal and interest of \$9 through October 16, 2013 and bears interest at 2.88%.

7. <u>Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities</u>

The Company uses derivative instruments to mitigate its interest rate risk. The Company does not hold or use derivative instruments for trading purposes. The Company also does not have any derivatives not designated as hedging instruments and has not designated any non-derivatives as hedging instruments.

The Company has interest rate risk relative to its outstanding borrowings under its Credit Facility (see Note 6). Loans under the Credit Facility bear interest, at the Company's election, either at the prime rate or LIBOR plus a percentage point spread based on certain specified financial ratios.

The Company's policy has been to manage interest cost using a mix of fixed and variable rate debt (see Note 6). To manage this risk, the Company entered into an interest rate swap on May 4, 2006 in which it agreed to exchange with a counterparty, at specified intervals effective August 3, 2006, the difference between fixed and variable interest amounts calculated by reference to an agreed-upon notional principal amount. The interest rate swap was accounted for as a cash flow hedge. The swapped portion of the Company's outstanding debt is fixed at a rate of 5.57% plus the Company's credit spread, or 7.07% based on the Company's credit spread at October 30, 2009, over the 7-year life of the interest rate swap.

The swapped portion of the outstanding debt or notional amount of the interest rate swap over its remaining life is as follows:

From May 5, 2009 to May 3, 2010	\$ 600,000
From May 4, 2010 to May 2, 2011	575,000
From May 3, 2011 to May 2, 2012	550,000
From May 3, 2012 to May 3, 2013	525,000

At October 30, 2009 and July 31, 2009, the estimated fair values of the Company's derivative instrument were as follows:

	Balance Sheet Location	Octobe	October 30, 2009		31, 2009
Interest rate swap (See Note 4)	Interest rate swap liability	\$	64,684	\$	61,232

The estimated fair value of the Company's interest rate swap liability incorporates the Company's own non-performance risk (see Note 4). The adjustment related to non-performance risk at October 30, 2009 and July 31, 2009 resulted in a reduction of \$4,244 and \$5,372, respectively, in the fair value of the interest rate swap liability. The offset to the interest rate swap liability is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL"), net of the deferred tax asset, and will be reclassified into earnings over the term of the underlying debt. As of October 30, 2009, the estimated pre-tax portion of AOCL that is expected to be reclassified into earnings over the next twelve months is \$29,684. Cash flows related to the interest rate swap are included in interest expense and in operating activities.

The following table summarizes the pre-tax effects of the Company's derivative instrument on AOCL for the quarter ended October 30, 2009 and the year ended July 31, 2009:

Amount of Loss Recognized in					
AOCL on Derivative (Effective					
Portion))				
Quarter Ended	Year Ended				
October 30,	July 31,				
 2009	2009				
\$ (3,452)	\$ (21,614)				
 	(==,==.)				

Cash flow hedge: Interest rate swap

The following table summarizes the pre-tax effects of the Company's derivative instrument on income for the quarters ended October 30, 2009 and October 31, 2008:

	Location of Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income		Reclassified from nto Income
	(Effective Portion)	(Effectiv	ve Portion)
		Quarter Ended October 30, 2009	Quarter Ended October 31, 2008
Cash flow hedge: Interest rate swap	Interest expense	\$ _6,831	\$ _4,352

No ineffectiveness has been recorded in the quarters ended October 30, 2009 and October 31, 2008.

8. Shareholders' Equity

During the quarter ended October 30, 2009, the Company received proceeds of \$715 from the exercise of share-based compensation awards and the corresponding issuance of 88,899 shares of its common stock. During the quarter ended October 30, 2009, the Company did not make any share repurchases.

During the quarter ended October 30, 2009, the Company paid dividends of \$0.20 per common share. During the first quarter of 2010, the Company also declared an additional dividend of \$0.20 per common share that was paid on November 5, 2009 and is recorded in other current liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet. On December 2, 2009, the Company's Board of Directors declared a regular dividend of \$0.20 per share payable on February 5, 2010 to shareholders of record on January 15, 2010.

During the quarter ended October 30, 2009, the unrealized loss, net of tax, on the Company's interest rate swap increased by \$586 to \$45,408 and is recorded in AOCL (see Notes 4, 7 and 9).

During the quarter ended October 30, 2009, total share-based compensation was \$2,913. During the quarter ended October 30, 2009, the excess tax benefit realized upon exercise of share-based compensation awards was \$324.

9. <u>Comprehensive Income</u>

Comprehensive income consisted of the following at:

	Quarter Ended		
	ober 30, 2009	0	ctober 31, 2008
Net income	\$ 18,024	\$	12,832
Other comprehensive income:			
Change in fair value of interest rate swap, net of			
tax benefit of \$2,866 and \$259, respectively	(586)		(1,561)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 17,438	\$	11,271

10. Seasonality

Historically, the net income of the Company has been lower in the first three quarters and highest in the fourth quarter, which includes much of the summer vacation and travel season. Management attributes these variations to the decrease in interstate tourist traffic and propensity to dine out less during the regular school year and winter months and the increase in interstate tourist traffic and propensity to dine out more during the summer months. The Company's retail sales historically have been highest in the Company's second quarter, which includes the Christmas holiday shopping season. The Company also generally opens additional new locations throughout the year. Therefore, the results of operations for any interim period cannot be considered indicative of the operating results for an entire year.

11. Segment Reporting

Cracker Barrel units represent a single, integrated operation with two related and substantially integrated product lines. The operating expenses of the restaurant and retail product line of a Cracker Barrel unit are shared and are indistinguishable in many respects. Accordingly, the Company manages its business on the basis of one reportable operating segment. All of the Company's operations are located within the United States. Total revenue was comprised of the following at:

	 Quarter Ended			
	October 30, 2009		October 31, 2008	
Revenue:				
Restaurant	\$ 466,832	\$	455,967	
Retail	114,351		117,965	
Total revenue	\$ 581,183	\$	573,932	

12. <u>Shared-Based Compensation</u>

Share-based compensation expense is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period. Share-based compensation expense is recorded in general and administrative expenses. For the quarters ended October 30, 2009 and October 31, 2008, share-based compensation expense totaled \$922 and \$1,027, respectively, for stock options and \$1,991 and \$701, respectively, for nonvested stock.

13. Net Income Per Share and Weighted Average Shares

Basic consolidated net income per share is computed by dividing consolidated net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the reporting period. Diluted consolidated net income per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities, options or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock and is based upon the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding during the reporting period. Common equivalent shares related to stock options and nonvested stock and stock awards issued by the Company are calculated using the treasury stock method. The Company's outstanding stock options and nonvested stock awards represent the only dilutive effects on diluted consolidated net income per share.

The following table reconciles the components of the diluted earnings per share computations:

	Quarter Ended	
	October 30, 2009	October 31, 2008
Net income per share numerator	\$ 18,024	\$ 12,832
Net income per share denominator:		
Weighted average shares	22,762,048	22,349,967
Add potential dilution:		
Stock options and nonvested stock and stock awards	374,337	316,359
Diluted weighted average shares	23,136,385	22,666,326

14. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

The Company and its subsidiaries are parties to various legal and regulatory proceedings and claims incidental to and arising out of the ordinary course of its business. In the opinion of management, based upon information currently available, the ultimate liability with respect to these proceedings and claims will not materially affect the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial position.

The Company is contingently liable pursuant to standby letters of credit as credit guarantees related to insurers. At October 30, 2009, the Company had \$34,576 of standby letters of credit related to securing reserved claims under workers' compensation insurance. All standby letters of credit are renewable annually and reduce the Company's availability under its Revolving Credit Facility (see Note 6 for further information on the Company's Revolving Credit Facility).

The Company is secondarily liable for lease payments under the terms of an operating lease that has been assigned to a third party. At October 30, 2009, the lease has a remaining life of approximately 3.9 years with annual lease payments of approximately \$361 for a total guarantee of \$1,412. The Company's performance is required only if the assignee fails to perform its obligations as lessee. At this time, the Company has no reason to believe that the assignee will not perform, and, therefore, no provision has been made in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet for amounts to be paid in case of non-performance by the assignee.

Upon the sale of Logan's Roadhouse, Inc. ("Logan's") in 2007, the Company reaffirmed its guarantee on the lease payments for two Logan's restaurants. At October 30, 2009, the operating leases have remaining lives of 2.2 and 10.4 years with annual payments of approximately \$94 and \$103, respectively, for a total guarantee of \$1,370. The Company's performance is required only if Logan's fails to perform its obligations as lessee. At this time, the Company has no reason to believe Logan's will not perform, and therefore, no provision has been made in the condensed consolidated balance sheet for amounts to be paid as a result of non-performance by Logan's.

The Company enters into certain indemnification agreements in favor of third parties in the ordinary course of business. The Company believes that the probability of incurring an actual liability under such indemnification agreements is sufficiently remote so that no liability has been recorded. In connection with the divestiture of Logan's and Logan's sale-leaseback transaction (see Note 16 to the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2009 Form 10-K), the Company entered into various agreements to indemnify third parties against certain tax obligations, for any breaches of representations and warranties in the applicable transaction documents and for certain costs and expenses that may arise out of specified real estate matters, including potential relocation and legal costs. With the exception of certain tax indemnifications, the Company believes that the probability of being required to make any indemnification payments to Logan's is remote. Therefore, at October 30, 2009, the Company has recorded a liability of \$72 in the condensed consolidated balance sheet for these potential tax indemnifications, but no provision has been recorded for potential non-tax indemnifications.

15. Subsequent Event

On November 6, 2009, the Company entered into an amendment to the Credit Facility. The amendment extended the availability of \$165,000 of the \$250,000 Revolving Credit Facility to January 27, 2013 from April 27, 2011. The amendment also extended the maturity date of \$250,000 of the Company's term loans to April 27, 2016 from April 27, 2013. Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, at the Company's election, either at the prime rate or LIBOR plus a credit spread. The Company's credit spreads to LIBOR on the term loans are 1.50% and 2.50% on the non-extended and extended term loans, respectively. The Revolving Credit Facility credit spread is determined by reference to the Company's consolidated total leverage ratio as defined in the Credit Facility. Currently, the Company's credit spreads to LIBOR are 1.50% and 2.50% on the non-extended portion and the extended portion, respectively, of the Revolving Credit Facility. Subsequent to the filing of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q on December 8, 2009, based upon the Company's consolidated total leverage ratio at October 30, 2009, the Company's Revolving Credit Facility credit spreads to LIBOR will be reduced to 1.25% and 2.25% on the non-extended portion and the extended portion, respectively, of the Revolving Credit Facility. At that time, the Company's credit spreads to the prime rate also will be reduced to 0.25% and 1.25% on the non-extended portion, respectively, of the Revolving Credit Facility.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company," "our" or "we") are principally engaged in the operation and development in the United States of the Cracker Barrel Old Country Store® ("Cracker Barrel") restaurant and retail concept. At October 30, 2009, we operated 591 Cracker Barrel units in 41 states. All dollar amounts reported or discussed in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") are shown in thousands, except per share amounts and certain statistical information (e.g., number of stores). References to years in MD&A are to our fiscal year unless otherwise noted.

MD&A provides information which management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of our consolidated results of operations and financial condition. MD&A should be read in conjunction with the (i) condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and (ii) financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2009 (the "2009 Form 10-K"). Except for specific historical information, many of the matters discussed in this report may express or imply projections of revenues or expenditures, plans and objectives for future operations, growth or initiatives, expected future economic performance, or the expected outcome or impact of pending or threatened litigation. These and similar statements regarding events or results which we expect will or may occur in the future, are forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results and performance to differ materially from those expressed or implied by those statements. All forward-looking information is provided pursuant to the safe harbor established under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and should be evaluated in the context of these risks, uncertainties and other factors. Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "trends," "assumptions," "target," "guidance," "outlook," "opportunity," "future," "plans," "goals," "objectives," "expectations," "near-term," "long-term," "projection," "may," "will," "would," "could," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "believe," "potential," "regular," "should," "projects," "forecasts" or "continue" (or the negative or other derivatives of each of these terms) or similar terminology.

We believe the assumptions underlying any forward-looking statements are reasonable; however, any of the assumptions could be inaccurate, and therefore, actual results may differ materially from those projected in or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors and risks that may result in actual results differing from this forward-looking information include, but are not limited to, those contained in Part I, Item 1A of the 2009 Form 10-K, which is incorporated herein by this reference, as well as other factors discussed throughout this report, including, without limitation, the factors described under "Critical Accounting Estimates" on pages 20-24 of this Form 10-Q or, from time to time, in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), press releases and other communications.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements made in this report, since the statements speak only as of the report's date. Except as may be required by law, we have no obligation, and do not intend, to publicly update or revise any of these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. Readers are advised, however, to consult any future public disclosures that we may make on related subjects in reports that we file with or furnish to the SEC or in our other public disclosures.

Results of Operations

The following table highlights operating results by percentage relationships to total revenue for the quarter ended October 30, 2009 as compared to the same period in the prior year:

	Quarter I	Quarter Ended		
	October 30, 2009	October 31, 2008		
Total revenue	100.0%	100.0%		
Cost of goods sold	30.5	31.6		
Gross profit	69.5	68.4		
T. 1 . 1 . 1 . 1	20.7	20.7		
Labor and other related expenses	38.7	38.7		
Other store operating expenses	18.2	18.5		
Store operating income	12.6	11.2		
General and administrative expenses	6.1	5.5		
Operating income	6.5	5.7		
Interest expense	2.0	2.5		
Income before income taxes	4.5	3.2		
Provision for income taxes	1.4	1.0		
110VISION TOT INCOME WACS		1.0		
Net income	3.1%	2.2%		

The following table highlights the components of total revenue by percentage relationships to total revenue for the quarter ended October 30, 2009 as compared to the same period in the prior year:

	Quarter I	Quarter Ended		
D.	October 30, 2009	October 31, 2008		
Revenue:				
Restaurant	80.3%	79.4%		
Retail	19.7	20.6		
Total revenue	100.0%	100.0%		

The following table sets forth the number of units in operation at the beginning and end of the quarters ended October 30, 2009 and October 31, 2008, respectively:

	Quarter	Quarter Ended		
	October 30, 2009	October 31, 2008		
	500			
Open at beginning of period	588	577		
Opened during period	3	4		
Open at end of period	591	581		

Average unit volumes include sales of all stores. The following table highlights average unit volumes for the quarter ended October 30, 2009 as compared to the same period in the prior year:

		Quarter Ended		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		tober 31, 2008	
Revenue:				
Restaurant	\$	791.8	\$	788.8
Retail		193.9		204.0
Total revenue	\$	985.7	\$	992.8

Total Revenue

Total revenue for the first quarter of 2010 increased 1.3% compared to the prior year first quarter. For the quarter, comparable store restaurant sales increased 0.6% and comparable store retail sales decreased 4.8% resulting in a combined comparable store sales (total revenue) decrease of 0.5%. The comparable store restaurant sales increase consisted of a 2.0% average check increase for the quarter (including a 2.7% average menu price increase) and a 1.4% guest traffic decrease. The comparable store retail sales decrease was due to the decline in guest traffic and lower guest spending on retail products. We continue to experience the effects of pressures on consumer discretionary income in our guest traffic and sales. Sales from newly opened stores accounted for the total revenue increase in the first quarter.

Gross Profit

Gross profit as a percentage of total revenue for the first quarter of 2010 increased to 69.5% compared to 68.4% in the first quarter of the prior year. The increase was due to our menu price increase referenced above and commodity deflation of 2.1%.

Labor and Other Related Expenses

Labor and other related expenses include all direct and indirect labor and related costs incurred in store operations. Labor and other related expenses as a percentage of total revenue remained flat compared to the first quarter of the prior year at 38.7%.

Other Store Operating Expenses

Other store operating expenses include all unit-level operating costs, the major components of which are utilities, operating supplies, repairs and maintenance, depreciation and amortization, advertising, rent, credit card fees and non-labor-related pre-opening expenses. Other store operating expenses as a percentage of total revenue decreased to 18.2% in the first quarter this year compared to 18.5% in the first quarter of the prior year. Lower utilities, supplies and store miscellaneous expenses, which each accounted for a 0.2% reduction in other store operating expenses, were partially offset by an increase of 0.3% in rent expense. Lower utilities expense resulted from deflation in the costs of electricity and natural gas. Lower store miscellaneous expense resulted from lower hourly employee turnover and cost control initiatives. The decrease in supplies was also due to cost control initiatives. The increase in rent expense was due to the sale-leaseback transactions we completed in the fourth quarter of 2009 (see Note 9 to our Consolidated Financial Statements contained in the 2009 Form 10-K for additional information).

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenue increased to 6.1% in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to 5.5% in the first quarter of last year. The increase was due to higher incentive compensation accruals, including share-based compensation, which reflected better performance against financial objectives in the first quarter of 2010 versus the same period a year ago.

Interest Expense

Interest expense as a percentage of total revenue decreased to 2.0% in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to 2.5% in the first quarter of last year primarily due to lower average debt outstanding.

Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes as a percent of pre-tax income was 31.2% in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to 30.7% in the first quarter of 2009. The increase in the effective tax rate from the first quarter of 2009 to the first quarter of 2010 reflected lower employer tax credits as a percent of pre-tax income due to the increase in pre-tax income.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash generated from our operations and our borrowing capacity under our \$250,000 revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility"). Our internally generated cash, along with cash on hand at July 31, 2009, our borrowings under our Revolving Credit Facility and proceeds from exercises of share-based compensation awards were sufficient to finance all of our growth, dividend payments, working capital needs and other cash payment obligations in the first quarter of 2010.

We believe that cash at October 30, 2009, along with cash generated from our operating activities, the borrowing capacity under our Revolving Credit Facility and proceeds from exercises of share-based compensation awards will be sufficient to finance our continued operations, our continued expansion plans, our principal payments on our debt and our dividend payments for at least the next twelve months and thereafter for the foreseeable future. See "Borrowing Capacity and Debt Covenants" section below regarding our amendment to extend \$165,000 of our Revolving Credit Facility availability to January 27, 2013.

Cash Generated From Operations

Our operating activities provided net cash of \$23,407 for the quarter ended October 30, 2009, which represented an increase from the \$6,706 net cash used during the same period a year ago. This increase reflected the change in retail inventories, the timing of payments for accounts payable and higher net income.

Borrowing Capacity and Debt Covenants

On November 6, 2009, we entered into an amendment to our \$1,250,000 credit facility (the "Credit Facility"), which consists of term loans (aggregate outstanding at October 30, 2009 was \$643,173) and the Revolving Credit Facility. The amendment extended the maturity date of \$250,000 of our term loans to April 27, 2016 from April 27, 2013. The amendment also extended the availability of \$165,000 of the Revolving Credit Facility to January 27, 2013 from April 27, 2011. At October 30, 2009, although we did not have any outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility, we had \$34,576 of standby letters of credit related to securing reserved claims under workers' compensation insurance which reduce our availability under the Revolving Credit Facility. At October 30, 2009, we had \$215,424 in borrowing capacity under our Revolving Credit Facility. See Notes 6 and 15 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information on our long-term debt.

The Credit Facility contains customary financial covenants, which include a requirement that we maintain a maximum consolidated total leverage ratio (ratio of total indebtedness to EBITDA, which is defined as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization) of 3.75 at October 30, 2009 and throughout the remaining term of the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility's financial covenants also require that we maintain a minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio (ratio of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization to cash interest payable, as defined) of 3.75 at October 30, 2009. The minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio increases to 4.00 for the fourth quarter of 2010 and for the remaining term of the Credit Facility.

At October 30, 2009, our consolidated total leverage ratio and consolidated interest coverage ratio were 2.92 and 8.56, respectively. We presently expect to remain in compliance with the Credit Facility's financial covenants for the remaining term of the facility.

Share Repurchases, Dividends and Proceeds from the Exercise of Share-Based Compensation Awards

We have been authorized to repurchase shares during 2010 to offset share dilution that might result from employee option exercises or employee share issuance. The principal criteria for share repurchases are that they be accretive to expected net income per share, are within the limits imposed by our Credit Facility and that they be made only from free cash flow (operating cash flow less capital expenditures and dividends) rather than borrowings. During the quarter ended October 30, 2009, we did not make any share repurchases. In the second quarter of 2010, we expect to repurchase shares from free cash flow to offset share dilution.

Our Credit Facility imposes restrictions on the amount of dividends we are able to pay. If there is no default then existing and there is at least \$100,000 then available under our Revolving Credit Facility, we may both: (1) pay cash dividends on our common stock if the aggregate amount of such dividends paid during any fiscal year is less than 15% of Consolidated EBITDA from continuing operations (as defined in the Credit Facility) during the immediately preceding fiscal year; and (2) in any event, increase our regular quarterly cash dividend in any quarter by an amount not to exceed the greater of \$.01 or 10% of the amount of the dividend paid in the prior fiscal quarter.

During the quarter ended October 30, 2009, we paid dividends of \$0.20 per common share. During the first quarter of 2010, we also declared an additional dividend of \$0.20 per common share that was paid on November 5, 2009. On December 2, 2009, the Company's Board of Directors declared a regular dividend of \$0.20 per share payable on February 5, 2010 to shareholders of record on January 15, 2010.

During the quarter ended October 30, 2009, we received proceeds of \$715 from the exercise of share-based compensation awards and the corresponding issuance of 88,899 shares of our common stock.

Working Capital

We had negative working capital of \$45,658 at October 30, 2009 versus negative working capital of \$66,637 at July 31, 2009. The change in working capital compared with July 31, 2009 reflected higher retail inventories. In the restaurant industry, substantially all sales are either for cash or third-party credit card. Like many other restaurant companies, we are able to, and often do, operate with negative working capital. Restaurant inventories purchased through our principal food distributor are on terms of net zero days, while restaurant inventories purchased locally generally are financed from normal trade credit. Retail inventories purchased domestically generally are financed from normal trade credit, while imported retail inventories generally are purchased through wire transfers. These various trade terms are aided by rapid turnover of the restaurant inventory. Employees generally are paid on weekly, bi-weekly or semi-monthly schedules in arrears of hours worked, and certain expenses such as certain taxes and some benefits are deferred for longer periods of time.

Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures (purchase of property and equipment) were \$14,904 for the quarter ended October 30, 2009 as compared to \$22,003 during the same period a year ago. Capital expenditures for maintenance programs accounted for most of the expenditures. The decrease in capital expenditures from the first quarter of 2009 to the first quarter of 2010 is primarily due to a reduction in the number of new locations acquired and under construction as compared to the prior year. We estimate that our capital expenditures for 2010 will be between \$70,000 and \$75,000. This estimate includes certain costs related to the acquisition of sites and construction of seven new stores that have opened or will open during 2010, as well as for acquisition and construction costs for locations that we expect to open in 2011, capital expenditures for maintenance programs and operational innovation initiatives. We intend to fund our capital expenditures with cash flows from operations and borrowings under our Revolving Credit Facility, as necessary. Capitalized interest was \$80 and \$200, respectively, for the quarters ended October 30, 2009 and October 31, 2008.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Other than various operating leases, we have no material off-balance sheet arrangements. Refer to the sub-section entitled "Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements" under the section entitled "Liquidity and Capital Resources" presented in the MD&A of our 2009 Form 10-K for additional information regarding our operating leases.

Material Commitments

Except as set forth above under "Borrowing Capacity and Debt Covenants," there have been no material changes in our material commitments other than in the ordinary course of business since the end of 2009. Refer to the sub-section entitled "Material Commitments" under the section entitled "Liquidity and Capital Resources" presented in the MD&A of our 2009 Form 10-K for additional information regarding our material commitments.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Standards Codification

On September 15, 2009, we adopted the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") as issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"). The ASC is the single source of authoritative nongovernmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), except for rules and interpretive releases of the SEC, which are sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Fair Value

On August 1, 2009, the first day of 2010, we adopted, on a prospective basis, new accounting guidance as issued by the FASB for certain nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are recorded or disclosed at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, such as nonfinancial long-lived asset groups measured at fair value for an impairment assessment. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Critical Accounting Estimates

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions about future events and apply judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and related disclosures. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience, current trends, outside advice from parties believed to be experts in such matters and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. However, because future events and their effects cannot be determined with certainty, actual results could differ from those assumptions and estimates, and such differences could be material.

Our significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in the 2009 Form 10-K. Judgments and uncertainties affecting the application of those policies may result in materially different amounts being reported under different conditions or using different assumptions. Critical accounting estimates are those that:

- · management believes are both most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and operating results and
- · require management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain.

We consider the following accounting estimates to be most critical in understanding the judgments that are involved in preparing our consolidated financial statements:

- · Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Provision for Asset Dispositions
- · Insurance Reserves
- · Inventory Reserves
- · Tax Provision
- · Share-Based Compensation
- · Unredeemed Gift Cards
- · Legal Proceedings

Management has reviewed these critical accounting estimates and related disclosures with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Provision for Asset Dispositions

We assess the impairment of long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets is measured by comparing the carrying value of the asset to the undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the total expected future cash flows are less than the carrying amount of the asset, the carrying amount is written down to the estimated fair value of an asset to be held and used or the fair value, net of estimated costs of disposal, of an asset to be disposed of, and a loss resulting from impairment is recognized by a charge to income. Judgments and estimates that we make related to the expected useful lives of long-lived assets are affected by factors such as changes in economic conditions and changes in operating performance. The accuracy of such provisions can vary materially from original estimates and management regularly monitors the adequacy of the provisions until final disposition occurs.

We have not made any material changes in our methodology for assessing impairments during the first quarter of 2010 and we do not believe that there will be a material change in the estimates or assumptions we use to assess impairment on long-lived assets. However, if actual results are not consistent with our estimates and assumptions used in estimating future cash flows and fair values of long-lived assets, we may be exposed to losses that could be material. We did not record any impairment charges in the first quarter of 2010.

Insurance Reserves

We self-insure a significant portion of our expected workers' compensation, general liability and health insurance programs. We purchase insurance for individual workers' compensation claims that exceed \$250, \$500 or \$1,000 depending on the state in which the claim originates. We purchase insurance for individual general liability claims that exceed \$500. We self-insure a portion of our group health program. Benefits for any individual (employee or dependents) in the self-insured program are limited to not more than \$1,000 lifetime, \$100 in any given plan year and, in certain cases, to not more than \$15 in any given plan year. We record a liability for the self-insured portion of our group health program for all unpaid claims based upon a loss development analysis derived from actual group health claims payment experience provided by our third party administrator.

We record a liability for workers' compensation and general liability for all unresolved claims and for an actuarially determined estimate of incurred but not reported claims at the anticipated cost to us based upon an actuarially determined reserve as of the end of our third quarter and adjust it by the actuarially determined losses and actual claims payments for the subsequent quarters until the next annual actuarial study of our reserve requirements. Those reserves and these losses are determined actuarially from a range of possible outcomes within which no given estimate is more likely than any other estimate. As such, we record the actuarially determined losses at the low end of that range and discount them to present value using a risk-free interest rate based on the actuarially projected timing of payments. We also monitor actual claims development, including incurrence or settlement of individual large claims during the interim period between actuarial studies as another means of estimating the adequacy of our reserves. From time to time, we perform limited scope interim updates of our actuarial studies to verify and/or modify our reserves.

Our accounting policies regarding insurance reserves include certain actuarial assumptions and management judgments regarding economic conditions, the frequency and severity of claims and claim development history and settlement practices. We have not made any material changes in the methodology used to establish our insurance reserves during the first quarter of 2010 and do not believe there will be a material change in the estimates or assumptions used to calculate the insurance reserves. However, changes in these actuarial assumptions or management judgments in the future may produce materially different amounts of expense that would be reported under these insurance programs.

Inventory Reserves

Cost of goods sold includes the cost of retail merchandise sold at our stores utilizing the retail inventory accounting method. Inventory valuation provisions are included for retail inventory obsolescence and retail inventory shrinkage. Retail inventory is reviewed on a quarterly basis for obsolescence and adjusted as appropriate based on assumptions made by management and judgment regarding inventory aging and future promotional activities. Cost of goods sold includes an estimate of shrinkage that is adjusted upon physical inventory counts in subsequent periods. Physical inventory counts are conducted throughout the third and fourth quarters of the fiscal year based upon a cyclical inventory schedule. An estimate of shrinkage is recorded for the time period between physical inventory counts by using a three-year average of the physical inventories' results on a store-by-store basis. We have not made any material changes in the methodology used to estimate shrinkage during the first quarter of 2010 and do not believe that there will be a material change in the future estimates or assumptions used to calculate shrinkage. However, actual shrinkage recorded may produce materially different amounts of shrinkage than we have estimated.

Tax Provision

We must make estimates of certain items that comprise our income tax provision. These estimates include effective state and local income tax rates, employer tax credits for items such as FICA taxes paid on employee tip income, Work Opportunity and Welfare to Work credits, as well as estimates related to certain depreciation and capitalization policies.

We recognize (or derecognize) a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return in the financial statements when it is more likely than not (i.e., a likelihood of more than fifty percent) that the position would be sustained (or not sustained) upon examination by tax authorities. A recognized tax position is then measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than fifty percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement.

Our estimates are made based on current tax laws, the best available information at the time of the provision and historical experience. We file our income tax returns many months after our year end. These returns are subject to audit by the federal and various state governments years after the returns are filed and could be subject to differing interpretations of the tax laws. We then must assess the likelihood of successful legal proceedings or reach a settlement with the relevant taxing authority. Although we believe that the judgments and estimates used in establishing our tax provision are reasonable, a successful legal proceeding or settlement could result in material adjustments to our consolidated financial statements and our consolidated financial position (see Note 15 to our Consolidated Financial Statements contained in the 2009 Form 10-K for additional information).

Share-Based Compensation

Share-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period. Our policy is to recognize compensation cost for awards with only service conditions and a graded vesting schedule on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for the entire award. Additionally, our policy is to issue new shares of common stock to satisfy exercises of share-based compensation awards.

The fair value of each option award granted was estimated on the date of grant using a binomial lattice-based option valuation model. This model incorporates the following ranges of assumptions:

- The expected volatility is a blend of implied volatility based on market-traded options on our stock and historical volatility of our stock over the contractual life of the options.
- We use historical data to estimate option exercise and employee termination behavior within the valuation model; separate groups of employees that have similar historical exercise behavior are considered separately for valuation purposes. The expected life of options granted is derived from the output of the option valuation model and represents the period of time the options are expected to be outstanding.
- The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant for periods within the contractual life of the option.
- The expected dividend yield is based on our current dividend yield as the best estimate of projected dividend yield for periods within the contractual life of the option.

The expected volatility, option exercise and termination assumptions involve management's best estimates at that time, all of which affect the fair value of the option calculated by the binomial lattice-based option valuation model and, ultimately, the expense that will be recognized over the life of the option. We update the historical and implied components of the expected volatility assumption when new grants are made. We update option exercise and termination assumptions annually. The expected life is a by-product of the lattice model and is updated when new grants are made.

Compensation expense is recognized for only the portion of awards that are expected to vest. Therefore, an estimated forfeiture rate derived from historical employee termination behavior, grouped by job classification, is applied against share-based compensation expense. The forfeiture rate is applied on a straight-line basis over the service (vesting) period for each separately vesting portion of the award as if the award were, in substance, multiple awards. We update the estimated forfeiture rate to actual on each of the vesting dates and adjust compensation expense accordingly so that the amount of compensation cost recognized at any date is at least equal to the portion of the grant-date value of the award that is vested at that date.

Generally, the fair value of each nonvested stock grant is equal to the market price of our stock at the date of grant reduced by the present value of expected dividends to be paid prior to the vesting period, discounted using an appropriate risk-free interest rate.

All of our nonvested stock grants are time vested except the nonvested stock grants of one executive that are based upon the achievement of strategic goals. Compensation cost for performance-based awards is recognized when it is probable that the performance criteria will be met. At each reporting period, we reassess the probability of achieving the performance targets and the performance period required to meet those targets. Determining whether the performance targets will be achieved involves judgment and the estimate of expense may be revised periodically based on the probability of achieving the performance targets. Revisions are reflected in the period in which the estimate is changed. If any performance goals are not met, no compensation cost is ultimately recognized and, to the extent previously recognized, compensation cost is reversed.

We have not made any material changes in our estimates or assumptions used to determine share-based compensation expense during the first quarter of 2010. We do not believe that there will be a material change in the future estimates or assumptions used to determine share-based compensation expense. However, if actual results are not consistent with our estimates or assumptions, we may be exposed to changes in share-based compensation expense that could be material.

Unredeemed Gift Cards

Unredeemed gift cards represent a liability related to unearned income and are recorded at their expected redemption value. No revenue is recognized in connection with the point-of-sale transaction when gift cards are sold. For those states that exempt gift cards from their escheat laws, we make estimates of the ultimate unredeemed ("breakage") gift cards in the period of the original sale and amortize this breakage over the redemption period that other gift cards historically have been redeemed by reducing the liability and recording revenue accordingly. For those states that do not exempt gift cards from their escheat laws, we record breakage in the period that gift cards are remitted to the state and reduce our liability accordingly. Any amounts remitted to states under escheat laws reduce our deferred revenue liability and have no effect on revenue or expense while any amounts that we are permitted to retain by state escheat laws for administrative costs are recorded as revenue. Changes in redemption behavior or management's judgments regarding redemption trends in the future may produce materially different amounts of deferred revenue to be reported.

We have not made any material changes in the methodology used to record the deferred revenue liability for unredeemed gift cards during the first quarter of 2010 and do not believe there will be material changes in the future estimates or assumptions used to record this liability. However, if actual results are not consistent with our estimates or assumptions, we may be exposed to losses or gains that could be material.

Legal Proceedings

We are parties to various legal and regulatory proceedings and claims incidental to our business. In the opinion of management, however, based upon information currently available, the ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect our consolidated results of operations or financial position.

We review outstanding claims and proceedings internally and with external counsel as necessary to assess probability of loss and for the ability to estimate loss. These assessments are re-evaluated each quarter or as new information becomes available to determine whether a reserve should be established or if any existing reserve should be adjusted. The actual cost of resolving a claim or proceeding ultimately may be substantially different than the amount of the recorded reserve. In addition, because it is not permissible under GAAP to establish a litigation reserve until the loss is both probable and estimable, in some cases there may be insufficient time to establish a reserve prior to the actual incurrence of the loss (upon verdict and judgment at trial, for example, or in the case of a quickly negotiated settlement).

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Part II, Item 7A of the 2009 Form 10-K is incorporated in this item of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q by this reference. There have been no material changes in our quantitative and qualitative market risks since July 31, 2009.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive and financial officers, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")). Based upon this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that as of October 30, 2009, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective for the purposes set forth in the definition thereof in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e).

There have been no changes (including corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses) during the quarter ended October 30, 2009 in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in the risk factors previously disclosed in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of our 2009 Form 10-K.

Item 4. <u>Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders</u>

- (a) Although no items were submitted to a vote of security holders during the quarter ended October 30, 2009, the annual meeting of shareholders (the "Annual Meeting") was held on December 2, 2009.
- (b) Proxies for the Annual Meeting were solicited in accordance with Regulation 14 of the Exchange Act; there was no solicitation in opposition to management's nominees and all of management's nominees were elected. Each director is elected to serve for a 1-year term and until his or her successor is elected and qualified.
- (c) The following sets forth the results of voting on each matter at the Annual Meeting:

Proposal 1 – Election of Directors.

	<u>FOR</u>	WITHHOLD AUTHORITY
Robert V. Dale	19,312,269	951,066
Richard J. Dobkin	19,365,632	897,703
Robert C. Hilton	19,378,632	884,703
Charles E. Jones, Jr.	14,929,341	5,333,994
B. F. "Jack" Lowery	17,033,094	3,230,241
Martha M. Mitchell	19,418,419	844,916
Andrea M. Weiss	19,329,424	933,911
Jimmie D. White	19,421,014	842,321
Michael A. Woodhouse	19,028,001	1,235,334

Proposal 2 - To approve the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal year 2010.

Votes cast for	19,743,235
Votes cast against	490,020
Votes cast to abstain	30,078

Proposal 3 - To approve the proposed amendment to the Company's 2002 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan to change the equity compensation for non-management directors from a fixed number of shares to a targeted value.

Votes cast for	8,067,221
Votes cast against	7,957,713
Votes cast to abstain	52,448

Item 6. <u>Exhibits</u>

See Exhibit Index immediately following the signature page hereto.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CRACKER BARREL OLD COUNTRY STORE, INC.

Date: 12/8/09 By: /s/Sandra B. Cochran

Sandra B. Cochran, Executive Vice President and

Chief Financial Officer

Date: 12/8/09 By: /s/Patrick A. Scruggs

Patrick A. Scruggs, Vice President, Accounting and Tax

and Chief Accounting Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.

<u>Description</u>

3.1	Bylaws of Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc. (as amended and restated effective September 10, 2009) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 10, 2009 and filed with the Commission on September 16, 2009)
10.1	Second Amendment to Credit Facility (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 6, 2009 and filed with the Commission on November 10, 2009)
10.2	2010 Annual Bonus Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 10, 2009 and filed with the Commission on September 16, 2009)
10.3	2010 Long-Term Incentive Plan
31	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications
32	Section 1350 Certifications

CRACKER BARREL OLD COUNTRY STORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FY 2010 LONG-TERM PERFORMANCE PLAN

ARTICLE I General

- 1.1 <u>Establishment of the Plan</u>. Pursuant to the Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc. 2002 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan (the "Omnibus Plan"), the Compensation Committee (the "Committee") of the Board of Directors of Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc. (the "Company") hereby establishes this FY 2010 Long-Term Performance Plan (the "LTPP").
- 1.2 Plan Purpose. The purposes of this LTPP are to reward officers of the Company and its subsidiaries for the Company's financial performance during fiscal years 2010 and to retain them during the 2010 fiscal year, to attract and retain the best possible executive talent, to motivate officers to focus attention on long-term objectives and strategic initiatives, and to further align their interests with those of the shareholders of the Company.
- 1.3 <u>LTPP Subject to Omnibus Plan</u>. This LTPP is established pursuant to, and it comprises a part of the Omnibus Plan. Accordingly, all of the terms and conditions of the Omnibus Plan are incorporated in this LTPP by reference as if included verbatim. In case of a conflict between the terms and conditions of the LTPP and the Omnibus Plan, the terms and conditions of the Omnibus Plan shall supersede and control the issue.

ARTICLE II Definitions

- 2.1 <u>Omnibus Plan Definitions</u>. Capitalized terms used in this LTPP without definition have the meanings ascribed to them in the Omnibus Plan, unless otherwise expressly provided.
- 2.2 <u>Other Definitions</u>. In addition to those terms defined in the Omnibus Plan and elsewhere in this LTPP, whenever used in this LTPP, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:
- (a) "2010 Operating Income" means, operating income during the 2010 fiscal year, excluding extraordinary gains or losses and the effects of any sale of assets (other than in the ordinary course of business), the effects of any refinancing of the Company's long-term indebtedness, the effects of changes in accounting principles.
- (b) "Cause," in addition to those reasons specified in the Omnibus Plan, also includes unsatisfactory performance or staff reorganizations.

- (c) "Distribution Date" means the first business day of the Company's 2013 fiscal year.
- (d) "Eligible Award" means an Award of either cash or shares of Common Stock ("Performance Shares") as provided in this LTPP established for each Participant within the first 90 days of the Performance Period.
- (e) "Performance Award" means that number Performance Shares or that amount of cash to be awarded to a Participant after the Committee determines that the Performance Goal has been achieved and exercised its discretion n determining whether to pay the Eligible Award or some other number or amount, as the case may be.
- (f) "Performance Goal means achievement of 2010 Operating Income during the Performance Period in an amount equal to or greater than an amount established by the Committee within the first 90 days of the Performance Period.
- (g) "Performance Period" means the Company's 2010 fiscal year.
- (h) "Retirement" (or the correlative "Retire" or "Retires") means the voluntary termination of employment by a Participant in good standing under this LTPP at a time when the Participant meets the definition of Retirement Eligible.
- (i) "Retirement Eligible" means the Participant's age and years of service with the Company, its predecessors or subsidiaries, is equal to or greater than 65.

ARTICLE III Eligibility and Participation; Awards

- 3.1 <u>Plan Eligibility</u>. The Participants in the LTPP shall be those persons designated by the Committee during the first 90 days of the Performance Period or new hires or those persons who may be promoted and are designated as Participants by the Committee at the time of hiring or promotion. No new Participants are eligible after the second fiscal quarter of the Company's 2010 fiscal year.
- 3.2 <u>Award Eligibility.</u> If the Performance Goal is achieved, each Participant shall be eligible to receive his or her Eligible Award. Each Performance Award, however, shall, subject to Section 3.4, be determined by the Committee based upon such measures, if any, that the Committee in its discretion shall employ.
- 3.3 <u>Calculation and Payment of Awards</u>. After the close of the Performance Period, the Committee shall certify in writing the achievement of the Performance Goal and the number or amount, as the case may be, of any Performance Award that will become payable or distributable, as the case may be, to each Participant. No Performance Award shall be paid to any Covered Employee if the Performance Goal is not achieved. Any Performance Award awarded by the Committee shall be paid or distributed, as the case may be, on the Distribution Date. The Performance Shares

comprising each LTPP Award shall thereafter be distributed, subject to forfeiture or lapse as provided in this LTPP, to each Participant promptly following the Distribution Date.

- 3.4 <u>Committee Discretion; Limit on Awards</u>. The Committee shall have the discretion to establish the amount of any Performance Award payable to any Participant, except that the Performance Award of any Covered Employee shall not exceed either his or her Eligible Award or any limits prescribed by the Omnibus Plan including, without limitation, the Section 162(m) Cash Maximum.
- 3.5 <u>Restrictions.</u> Notwithstanding that the Performance Shares comprising any LTPP Award hereunder may be earned at the end of the Performance Period, those Performance Shares shall not vest or otherwise become distributable to a Participant, nor, except as expressly provided herein, shall a Participant have any of the rights of a shareholder of the Company with respect to the Performance Shares, until the Distribution Date.
- 3.6 Dividends. Dividends payable on Common Stock after the Performance Period but before the Distribution Date shall accrue on Performance Shares earned pursuant to this LTPP and they shall be payable, without interest, to Participants along with the Performance Shares following the Distribution Date. Except as set forth in the preceding sentence, Participants shall have no rights as shareholders with respect to any Performance Shares until after the Distribution Date.

ARTICLE IV Termination of Employment

4.1 <u>Termination of Employment Other Than For Cause</u>.

- (a) If, prior to the end of the Performance Period, a Participant's employment is terminated due to death or disability, any Eligible Award shall be reduced to reflect only employment prior to that termination. The reduced Eligible Award shall be based upon the number of calendar months of employment from the beginning of the Performance Period until the date of such termination. In the case of a Participant's disability, the employment termination shall be deemed to have occurred on the date the Committee determines that the disability has occurred, pursuant to the Company's then-effective group long-term disability insurance benefit for officers.
- (b) If, after the end of the Performance Period but prior to the Distribution Date, a Participant Retires or a Participant's employment is terminated due to death or disability, any LTPP Award earned as of the end of the Performance Period shall be payable at the time specified in Section 3.3.

4.2 <u>Termination of Employment For Cause or Voluntary Resignation</u>. If, prior to the Distribution Date, a Participant's employment is terminated for Cause (of which the Committee shall be the sole judge), or the Participant voluntarily resigns (other than through Retirement (as provided in Section 4.1(b)) or disability), all of the Participant's rights hereunder shall be forfeited.

ARTICLE V Change in Control

5.1 <u>Effect of Change in Control</u>. In the event of a Change in Control prior to the Distribution Date, (i), the Performance Goal shall be deemed to have been met if the Company's 2010 Operating Income through the end of the fiscal month preceding the Change in Control equals or exceeds 50% of the Company's operating income for the comparable period in the 2009 fiscal year, and (ii) all Performance Awards established by the Committee shall be immediately payable in cash to Participants upon the date of the Change of Control.

- I, Michael A. Woodhouse, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc.;
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 8, 2009

<u>/s/Michael A. Woodhouse</u> Michael A. Woodhouse, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Sandra B. Cochran, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: <u>December 8, 2009</u>

<u>/s/Sandra B. Cochran</u> Sandra B. Cochran, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc. (the "Issuer") on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended October 30, 2009, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael A. Woodhouse, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Issuer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Issuer.

Date: December 8, 2009

By: /s/Michael A. Woodhouse

Michael A. Woodhouse,

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc. (the "Issuer") on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended October 30, 2009, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Sandra B. Cochran, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Issuer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Issuer.

Date: December 8, 2009

By: /s/Sandra B. Cochran

Sandra B. Cochran,

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer